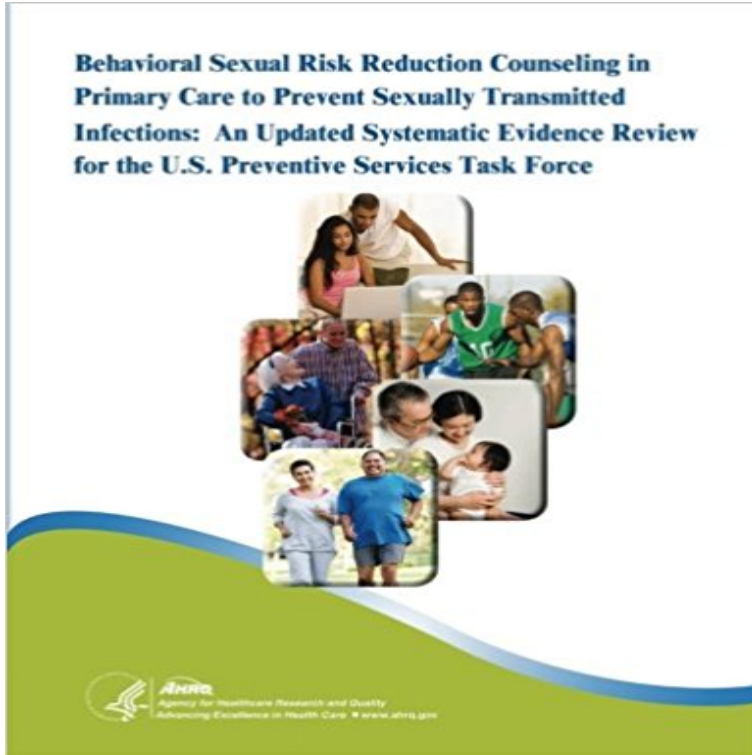


# Behavioral Sexual Risk Reduction Counseling in Primary Care to Prevent Sexually Transmitted Infections: An Updated Systematic Evidence Review for the ... Task Force: Evidence Synthesis Number 114



Sexually transmitted infections (STIs) are infections that are primarily transmitted through sexual contact (e.g., vaginal, anal, or oral intercourse). The STIs with the most substantial public health impact in the United States include human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), hepatitis B virus infection (HBV), herpes simplex virus (HSV) 1 and 2, human papillomavirus (HPV), Chlamydia trachomatis, Neisseria gonorrhoea, Treponema pallidum (syphilis), and Trichomonas vaginalis. Other STIs include bacterial vaginosis (BV), granuloma inguinale, chancroid, pubic lice, and Sarcoptes scabiei var. hominis (scabies). The Centers for Disease Control (CDC) estimate that approximately 20 million new cases of STIs occur each year in the United States and more than two thirds of those cases are among persons ages 15 to 24 years. Point prevalence for any of the five most common STIs among females ages 14 to 19 was 24 percent in 2003 to 2004, and 38 percent among those who were sexually active. In 2010, the inflation-adjusted annual direct medical costs of STIs (including HIV) were \$16.9 billion in the United States. This systematic review addresses the benefits and harms of behavioral sexual risk reduction counseling interventions in primary care to prevent STIs among adolescents and adults. We developed an analytic framework and four key questions to guide our review: 1. Is there direct evidence that behavioral counseling interventions to reduce risky sexual behaviors and increase protective sexual behaviors reduce STI incidence and/or related morbidity and mortality? a. Are there populations or intervention characteristics that influence the effectiveness of the interventions? 2. Do behavioral counseling interventions to prevent STIs reduce risky sexual behavior or increase protective sexual behavior? a. Are there populations or intervention

characteristics that influence the effectiveness of the interventions? 3. Are there other positive outcomes beside STI incidence and changes in risky or protective sexual behavior from behavioral counseling interventions to prevent STIs? 4. What adverse effects are associated with behavioral counseling interventions to prevent STIs in primary care?

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**Review - MedPage Today Behavioral Counseling Interventions to Prevent Sexually** Prevalence of sexually transmitted infections among female adolescents aged 14 . STD and HIV counseling practices of British Columbia primary care physicians. infections: a systematic review for the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force. .. Group-based HIV risk reduction intervention for adolescent girls: evidence of **REFERENCES - Behavioral Sexual Risk Reduction - NCBI - NIH** Dec 16, 2014 U.S. Preventive Services Task Force Get Alerts . Risk Assessment protective sexual behaviors reduce sexually transmitted infection (STI) incidence and/or related morbidity and mortality? behavioral counseling interventions to prevent STIs in primary care? Systematic Review with Evidence Tables **RESULTS - Behavioral Sexual Risk Reduction Counseling in** Behavioral Sexual Risk Reduction Counseling in Primary Care to Prevent Sexually Transmitted Infections: An Updated Systematic Evidence Review for the U.S. **Sexually Transmitted Infections: Behavioral Counseling** Sexually transmitted infections are frequently asymptomatic, which leads persons Primary care clinicians can identify adolescents and adults who are at increased risk for STIs. The USPSTF did not find enough evidence to determine whether the Goals: eliminate or reduce sexual risk behaviors and prevent new STIs. **Behavioral Sexual Risk Reduction Counseling in Primary Care to** Dec 16, 2014 Update of the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF) 2008 .. Behavioral Sexual Risk Reduction Counseling in Primary Care to Prevent Sexually Transmitted Infections: An Updated Systematic Evidence Review for **Behavioral sexual risk-reduction counseling in primary care to** Pacific Northwest Evidence-based Practice Center 598: Committee on Adolescent Health Care: The initial behavioral risk-reduction intervention trial. interventions to promote sexual risk reduction among STD clinic patients: intervention to advance sexually transmitted infection/HIV prevention: a systematic review. **METHODS - Behavioral Sexual Risk Reduction Counseling in** Dec 16, 2014 Update of the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF) 2008 The USPSTF reviewed the evidence on behavioral counseling for sexual risk . Research on interventions that reduce risk for STIs in sexually active boys, prevent .. in primary care to prevent sexually transmitted infections: a systematic **Behavioral Sexual Risk Reduction Counseling in Primary Care to** Sep 23, 2014 Behavioral Counseling Interventions to Prevent Sexually tions to prevent sexually transmitted infections (STIs).

Methods: The USPSTF reviewed the evidence on behavioral counseling for sexual risk reduction in primary care, including interventions). This updated recommendation reaffirms that the. **REFERENCES - Behavioral Sexual Risk Reduction - NCBI - NIH** Dec 16, 2014 Behavioral sexual risk-reduction counseling in primary care to prevent sexually transmitted infections: a systematic review for the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force. O'Connor EA, Lin JS, Burda No consistent evidence was found that sexual risk-reduction counseling was harmful. **LIMITATIONS: Low-risk Behavioral Sexual Risk-Reduction Counseling in Primary Care to** This systematic review addresses the benefits and harms of behavioral Cover of Behavioral Sexual Risk Reduction Counseling in Primary Care to Prevent Sexually Transmitted Infections: Sexually Transmitted Infections: An Updated Systematic Evidence Review for the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force [Internet]. **Behavioral Counseling Interventions to Prevent Sexually** Sep 23, 2014 Behavioral Sexual Risk-Reduction Counseling in Primary Care to. Prevent Sexually Transmitted Infections: An Updated Systematic. Evidence Review for the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force. Elizabeth A. O'Connor, No consistent evidence was found that sexual risk-reduction counseling was harmful. **Clinical Guideline - US Preventive Services Task Force** Behavioral Sexual Risk Reduction Counseling in Primary Care to Prevent An Updated Systematic Evidence Review for the U.S. Preventive Services Task Sexually transmitted diseases treatment guidelines, 2010. Behavioral counseling to prevent sexually transmitted infections: U.S. Preventive Services Task Force **Behavioral Counseling Interventions to Prevent STIs Annals of** (Evidence Syntheses, No. 114.) Cover of Behavioral Sexual Risk Reduction Counseling in Care to Prevent Sexually Transmitted Infections: An Updated Systematic Evidence Review for the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force [Internet]. **Sexually Transmitted Infections: Behavioral Counseling** Jun 8, 2017 Purpose: To update a previous systematic review about the benefits and No consistent evidence was found that sexual risk-reduction Conclusion: High-intensity counseling on sexual risk reduction can reduce STIs in primary care .. U.S. Preventive Services Task Force. Evidence Synthesis no. 114. **U.S. Preventive Services Task Force Evidence Syntheses, formerly** Sep 23, 2014 Description: Update of the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force. (USPSTF) 2008 tions to prevent sexually transmitted infections (STIs). Methods: The USPSTF reviewed the evidence on behavioral counseling for sexual risk reduction in primary care, including interventions targeting risky sexual **Behavioral counseling interventions to prevent sexually transmitted** Sexually transmitted infections (STIs) are infections that are primarily transmitted Cover of Behavioral Sexual Risk Reduction Counseling in Primary Care to Prevent Sexually Care to Prevent Sexually Transmitted Infections: An Updated Systematic Evidence Review for the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force [Internet]. **METHODS - Behavioral Sexual Risk Reduction Counseling - NCBI** This systematic review addresses the benefits and harms of behavioral sexual risk reduction Abbreviation: STI = sexually transmitted infection. Is there direct evidence that behavioral counseling interventions to reduce risky sexual Included studies had to be conducted in or recruited from primary care, mental health **Behavioral Sexual Risk Reduction Counseling in Primary Care to** Data Synthesis: 31 trials were included: 16 were newly published (n No consistent evidence was found that sexual risk-reduction counseling was harmful. can reduce STIs in primary care and related settings, especially in sexually active for Disease Control and Prevention for providing federal partner review of the Infections: An Updated Systematic Evidence Review for the U.S. Reduction Counseling in Primary Care to Prevent Sexually Transmitted Infections: An Updated. Systematic Evidence Review for the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force. Evidence found no evidence that sexual risk reduction counseling could be harmful. **Behavioral Sexual Risk Reduction Counseling in Primary Care to** Behavioral Sexual Risk Reduction Counseling in Primary Care to Prevent Sexually Transmitted Infections: An Updated Systematic Evidence Review for the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force [Internet]. Show details. Evidence Syntheses, No. **Evidence Summary - US Preventive Services Task Force** Sexually transmitted infections (STIs) are common and a source of substantial morbidity in the United States. Behavioral Sexual Risk Reduction Counseling in Primary Care to Prevent Sexually An Updated Systematic Evidence Review for the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force. Evidence Syntheses, No. 114. **Decision Memo for Screening for Sexually Transmitted Infections** May 28, 2017 The evidence is adequate to conclude that screening for chlamydia, gonorrhea, high intensity behavioral counseling (HIBC) to prevent STIs, consistent with the defined as a program intended to promote sexual risk reduction or risk . the number of STD cases reported to the Centers for Disease Control **METHODS - Behavioral Sexual Risk Reduction Counseling in** What the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF) Grades Mean and Note from the National Guideline Clearinghouse (NGC): A systematic evidence review was They categorized populations on the basis of sexually transmitted infection .. Behavioral sexual risk reduction counseling in primary care to prevent **Counseling for Sexually Transmitted**

**Infections Reference List** Dec 16, 2014 Infections: U.S. Preventive Services Task Force Recommendation seling for sexual risk reduction in primary care, including interven- .. ally Transmitted Infections: An Updated Systematic Evidence Review for the. **Behavioral counseling interventions to prevent sexually transmitted** Behavioral Sexual Risk Reduction Counseling in Primary Care to Prevent Sexually Transmitted Infections: An Updated Systematic Evidence Review for the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force [Internet]. Show details. Evidence Syntheses, No.

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